## THE COURTS.

Further Hearing in the Templeton Child Case.

IMPORTANT TO PROPERTY OWNERS

Comptroller Green's Game of Legal Battledore.

A RAP AT POLICE JUSTICES.

The suit brought by John Courtney against Baker & Co., of the Merchants' Steamship Line. for damages on account of the breaking of his leg through a cotton bale falling upon it, was consinded yesterday before Judge Monell, in the Su erior Court, this being the third trial of the case.

verdict of \$1,000 was given for the plaintiff. The subject of the assessment in the Hardin estate was under consideration yesterday in the Supreme Court, General Term. The executors of the estate admit the amount of stock and money belonging to the estate to be \$669,000, less \$115.000 outstanding claims. The personal estate was assessed at \$500,000 by the Tax Commissioners. The case came up on appeal from such assessment. It was argued on behalf of the executors that as to shares in companies in this btate they should not be taxed, as the companies are taxed directly on their shares, and as such would be double taxation, but as to snares in foreign corporations they were mere representations of property not exsting in this State. It was claimed in opposition that shares of a company are always recognized as distinct from capital stock, and may be so axed, and in support of this was instanced the taxing of bank stock, while the capital cannot be

axed. The Court took the papers.

Exemption from assessment is claimed by the Female Academy of the Sacred Heart on four lots, the ground urged being that said lots are necessary for the purposes of the institution. A motion was made yesterday before Judge Dono-bue, in Supreme Court, Chambers, on behalf of the city to have issues framed as to whether the lots were so necessary. It was claimed by Mr. Joan E. Devlin, on benalf of the institution, that as there were no disputed facts the issue was properly triable by a judge without a jury. Judge Donohue took the papers, reserving his decision.

William Sturm and Christian Greov Were arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields vesterday on a charge of having manufactured a quantity of cigars, at No. 356 West Thirtysixth street, without having gone through the necessary formality of first paying the government tax. Bail was at first demanded by the Commissioner, but ne finally decided to release the accused on their own recognizances until to-day, when an examination will be gone into.

In the case of the United States vs. N. S. Warsawer, against whom an action was some time since instituted on a charge of having sold leaf tobacco without having made proper returns thereof as required by the act of Congress of July 20, 1868, Judge Biatchford issued an order of arrest against the accused. Deputy Marshal Bernhard arrested Warsawer, who was held by Commis-

THE TEMPLETON CHILD CASE.

Pursuant to adjournment there was a further hearing yesterday, before Judge Donohue, in Supreme Court, Chambers, in the habeas cornus proceedings in the Templeton calld case. The child-the picture of health and content, and elegantly dressed-was brought into Court by its nurse, followed by Colonel W. C. Templeton, its grandiather, who is seeking to retain it in his care, and various ladies of his family, who feel a hize earnest solicitude for the child's future welfare. There had already assembled in the court room the mother of the child, who instituted the present proceedings to regain possession of it. and friends, who have evidently warmly espoused ber cause, and show quite as much interest in the result as she does. The parties were represented by the same counsel as before, Mr. John D. Town-

the mother.

Ex-Judge Busteed read the return to the writ and the traverse, the facts in which papers have already been published in the Herald. Having funished the reading of this document, and his running comments on the same, he threw the papers on the table before him, drew back into a forensic attitude and then there followed a flood of forensic attitude and then there followed a flood of commingied argument and invective in his own peculiarly dramatic style. Richard was nimself again. Having concluded his peroration of passionate deciamation he began to read a manuscript embodying the points of his argument, nice in number. When he had got through the first point Judge Donoline tried to stop him, intimating that his mind was clearly made up on the propriety of sending the case helore a retreee, against which the opening point protessed, but Judge Busteed went through the remaining points of his argument all the same. Their sum and sub-Judge Busteed went through the remaining points of his argument in the same. Their sum and substance was simply reiterated protestations against sending the case before a reieree. He insisted that referees were not to be trusted while ludges were, and that the Court should hear each witness so as to judge by the tone and manner of the degree of credibility to be given to their re-

the degree of credibility to be given to their respective evidence.

Judge Donome said that if a judge was to hear personally at the evidence in cases of this kind they would require a dozen more judges; that it could not be done with justice to the public interest, and that hough be knew the people had elected him to do certain work, which work he meant to do, he could not do more than he could is.

Mr. Townsend said he fully appreciated what the Court had said, and that all he wanted was to have the facts fully investigated, either by the Court or a reliable relered. He would like to have the matter relered to Mr. William Sinclair, the Cierk, though in expressing such presence he meant no aspersion against the provious relerce, Mr. Blunt.

Judge Donobne stated that before making any positive order he desired first to examine the

Judge Donobne stated that before making any positive order he desired first to examine the points of law raised by the opposing counsel.

Mr. Townsend said he desired first to submit some addayits snowing the unfitness of Mrs. Templeton to have the care of this cald, and that in the lamily of Colonel Templeton he would receive every requisite care and attention.

Judge Donobne—Mr. Busteed meantime objecting also to their being read—thought it better to postpone the reasons this the hext hearing.

Mr. Townsend, authough evidently acking to get at his affidavits, said that he was not particular, as the Court seemed to be on his side rid had in reality already granied all he asked for. Though the other side had not pretty much all the say thus far he was willing to give his learned opponent all the satisfaction and glory he might wish on account of it.

wish on account of it.

The further nearing was then adjourned for one week. Meantime the mother was permitted to week. Meantime the nuther was permitted to see the child in the anteroom. There was a large deputation of halp friends on both sides who evinced a great deal of warmth in the matter, and particularly at not being fillowed to witness the interview between mother and child.

ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS. In the suit of Ravens against Kline, the particuters of which have been published, an important decision was given yesterday by Chief Justice Daly, of the Court of Common Pleas, Two lots. the rears of which joined, at the corner of Lexington avenue and Fiftieth street, were, with the buildings on them, sold under a foreclosure suit. The Fiftieth street building covered the entire lot. the Lexington avenue building, which yard served to light the rear windows of both buildings and ine iterington avenue building, which yard served in light the rear windows of both buildings and allow access to the fire escape on the friteth street bunding. The party purchasing the Lexington avenue building proposed to extend the reached, inless Judge at Circuit will put cause of case and trust unting off the lights of the latter house and access to the fire escape. A temporary inquiction which he delies, the states it to be well setting that it a title had passed to the present owners by the voluntary ion-veyance of the original owners the proposed of extension could not be permitted. "It can make no difference," he proceeds to state in his written opinion, "in the application of this rule grather the severance took place by a direct grant from the owner, or arose by the transfer of his interest upon a fore-losure sale, for the reason that the sale applies as much in one case as in the other. The question is what each party got on he severance is, the party got on he severance took place by a direct of extension of the purchase of the Lexington avenue lot, who bought as would appear from the preadings after the plainting purchased, take in at the sale applies as much in one case as in the step of the purchase of the lexingtion avenue lot, who bought as would appear from the preadings after the plainting purchased, take in the second of the latter building, thus counter—Frechal Term.

Builden's life the purchase of the stip and the cause of calendar and try when reached, unless judice at Circuit will put cause of cause about a desired in less judiced. Supreme court —special Term.

Buy ludge van vorst.

Baldwin va Smita.—Case and amendments settled.

Supreme court —circuit —part 3.

Buildwin va Smita.—Case and amendments settled.

Supreme court —circuit valle purchase of the stip and the suprement of court —circuit valle purchase of the stip and the suprement of court —circuit valled.

Supreme court —circuit valled.

Supreme court —circuit valled.

Supreme court —circuit valled.

Supreme court —circuit vall

dows in the rear of the building for light and airf in my judgment he did, and I shall, therefore, deny the motion to dissolve the injunction."

SUITS AGAINST THE CITY. Judge Robinson, holding one of the trial terms of the Court of Common Pleas, was occupied yesterday in the trial of suits brought against the city. The result in most cases was as usual according to the general rule, the majority of the

verdicts being against the city.
First in order was tried the suit brought by First in order was tried the suit brought by Marcus L. Byrne, assignee of Andrew J. Mills. Clerk in the Surrogate's office. The suit was for \$430 18 for services as such clerk. The complaint was dismissed on the ground that the appointment of Mills was not filed by the Surrogate, as required by law, in the Jounty Clerk's office.

The next case tried was that of James L. Smith, who brought suit against the city for \$815 40 for advertising in the New York Courier the Sheriff's proclamation of election. The defence was that the charge was excessive. It was thought otherwise by the Court and jury, and a verdict was given for the full amount claimed.

George D. Clark orought two suits against the city for \$150, claimed to be due him as clerk in the Department of Public Works. The defence was that he had assigned his pay. Judge hobinson held that the assignment was made before the money came due. He ordered a verdict for the plaintiff.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Before Judge Barrett. HOW POLICE JUSTICES DO THEIR DUTY-MOSES

EHRICH TAKES LEG BAIL. In the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday, before Judge Barrett, Daniel Mooney, an Irishman of most respectable appearance, was placed on trial on an indictment for burgiary. He was de-fended by Mr. William F. Kintzing. The evidence showed that on the 17th of October, 1873, Mooney was doing some carpenter work in the house of Henry Yost, at No. 1,228 Second avenue, and walle so at work a bureau drawer in one of the rooms of the house was broken open and \$40 abstracted from it. Several persons were accused of the robbery, but all proved their innocence, and finally, having no other person to accuse, Mr. Yost charged Mooney with the crime and had him aragged before Police Justice Butter H. Bixby, who promptly committed him for the burginry. When Mooney was asked in court yesterday if he had taken the money he answered, "No, I did not." District Attorney Russell then said, "I believe you," and asked the Court to order the jury to acquit. Jurige Barrett so ordered, and in doing so took occasion to remark that if the Police Justice who committed Mooney had taken the trouble to investigate the charge against him the case would never have reached the Grand Jury room, much less a criminal court; that it was shameful and unjust to commit on such firmsy evidence as was contained in the affidavit against Mooney, and that poince justices ought to be more careful in the discharge. Moses Ehrich, who has been indicted by the Grand Jury for receiving stolen goods, was called, and, not answering to his name, his bondsman, St White, of No. 27 Ruigers street, was called. He also lailed to respond, and the bail bond, which was for \$5,000, was forfeited. Ehrich is the man in whose possession were found the bonds lately stolen from the Adams Express Company. was doing some carpenter work in the house of Henry Yost, at No. 1,236 Second avenue, and walle

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE. An interesting case was tried yesterday in the Marine Court, Part 1. Dorsner & Masterlin, flour merchanis, furnished to the order of Henry Plaff. baker, twenty-five barrels of flour, to be used in his trade. About three days after, and previous to payment being made, Jacobi, the defendant, by virtue of a mortgage which he had on Henry Plaff, seized by foreclosure of said mortgage all of Pfaff's property, comprising the baker's shop, fixtures and all the flour and bread, &c., therein, and sold the contents by auction. Dorsher a Masterlin notified Mr. Jacobi that the flour was not paid for, and sent him descriptive brands of each barrel for identification. Said notice was admitted as evidence, but the sale too. place previous to the netice being received and one day after the Marsual's seizure of the same. The time of initiment for the conditions mentioned in the mortigage between Plaff and Jacobi was up, and ten days after this the four to the order of Plaff was inraished by Dorsher & Masterlin, and was seized by the Marshal before any of the twenty-five barrels were opened.

The Judge directed the jury that, if the sale and The stage affected the jury that, it do sale and foreclosure were with the tacit consent of Mr. Plaff, they should give a verdict to the plaintiff. It not with the consent of Mr. Plaff then they should give a verdict for the detendant, Verdict by the jury for plaintiff of \$219 50. Motion taken for a new trial.

SUIT FOR RECOVERY FOR GOODS DELIVERED. Rosenthail buys from Myers a case of cloth at the rate of \$2.50 per yard, with the conditions that if the like goods were sold in the city at a lower price than \$2.50 Myers should make a reduction at the same rate. When Rosenthall sold three pieces he received a bill of \$2 62% per yard. Myers atfirms that Rosenthall asked him to send him a bill for said goods at \$2 62% per yard to show his customers what they were to him at first cost. A sealed verdict was returned.

SUPERIOR COURT-SPECIAL TERM. Before Judge Curtis.

ACTION FOR DIVORCE DISMISSED Elizabeth Ranch vs. Joseph Ranch.-This case involved the history of a long family quarrel between husband and wife, and three several actions have been commenced by them for a legal separaand the last two by the wile against the husband Neither of the two former actions came actually to trial in Court, although each were litigated for a number of years. This is the third one, and was a number of years. This is the third one, and was tried before Judge Curtis and was decided by him in favor of the husband. In 1888 the parties were married in the city of Brooklyn. The husband kept a dry goods store at No. 10 avenue B, in this city, and they resided there. They were not mated, and disagreements and quarrels soon arcse. The husband had three boys by a former wife, but they do not seem to have been the cause of the troubles. According to the pleadings in the present action the defendant is sixty years of age, and the laut thes in the wife's violent, ungovernable temper, or as defendant is sixty years of age, and the iau t lies in the whie's violent, ungovernable temper, or as the busband hast in his answer, "said plaintiff is a very quick-tempered woman, full of vituperation and rage, with a tongue that never ceases taking, a quick, rapid, continuous, perplexing, troublesome talker, and has never allowed defendant any peace in consequence thereol." The plainting complained of her husband that he had been cutel, treated her with great crueity, particulars of when were detailed at length in her adidavit. These charges defendant denied. Several witnesses were examined pro and con. Judge Curtis, in rendering his decision, said:—

This settion is brought for a limited divorce. The

Judge Curtis, in rendering his decision, said:

This action is brought for a limited divorce. The
parties appear to have had trequent quarrels and each
to have resorted to acts of violence. The maintiff is
active and vigorous and a score of years or more the
junior of her huseand, and appears to have been able to
elect him from the domestic abode without much difficuity when she saw lit to resort to that mode of terminating a difference. This was not so grave a matter on
her part as her assalling him with a knife, and cutting
his face through length whe and some other personal assaults upon him. The evidence leads me to consider the
husband in aggrieved party, and that the wire is not
entitled to the divorce she seeks. There must be a judgment accordingly.

Mr. Whitelegge for plaintiff, and Mesera Lang-betn for delendant.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS.

By Judge Lawrence.
The Trustees of the New York Protestant Episopal Public School vs. Young.—Motion granted, without costs.

By Judge Donohue.
McCay vs. The Bay Ridge Ferry Company.—Mo-

tion granted.
McLean et al. vs. White; Bates vs. Fisher; Atterberg vs. Stevens; Kingey vs. Wood; Crane vs. McCoo; Acheson vs. Acheson; Lippman vs. Smith; Russell vs. McLain; in the master of Stiwell.—

Granted.
In the matter of Siosson.—Denied.
Pierson vs. Day.—Motion denied, without costs.
Priedberg vs. Friedberg; Arthur vs. Higgins;
New York life insurance Prust Company vs. McCuna.—Motions denied.
Levy vs. Weil.—Memorandum.
Jones vs. Wallace.—Motion granted. Memorandum.

Grandy vs. Baldwin.-Motion granted, without

COSCS.

Kuskowsky vs. Smith.—If the defendant de-nosits \$100 with the Speriff as ball he may be dispositis \$100 with the Sperin as own he may be dis-charged.

Vanderhoof vz. Kohmer.—Order modified so as to allow plasmin to notice for next term.

Blake vs. international Lite insurance and Trust Company. &c.—Motion granted unless plaintif stipmisters to put cause on calendar and try when reached, unless Judge at Circuit will put cause of on cause shown, &c.

Regeman vs. Walcott (No. 2).—Judgment of foreclosure and sale. See last clause of Rule 73. Bensel et al. vs. Gray.—Form of undertaking on appeal submitted by appellant's attorney ap-

proved.

Laun vs. Noiz.—Motion to vacate judgment for fregularity denied, with costs to plaintiff of opposing.

Laun vs. Noiz.—Motion for a rehearing of motion to vacate attachment denied. Costs to plaintiff to abide event.

COMMON PLEAS-SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Larremore,
In the matter of the unsafe building Ros. 22, 33
37, 38, 39, 40 Abatior piace, Augustus W. Nicoli,
trustee Reynolds estate, owner.—Precept issued
in six cases.
The Mayor, Aldermen of New York, &c., va. Vandergont.—Precept issued

derpont.—Precept issued.

Burke vs. Harris; Skiff et al. vs. Skiff et al; in the matter of Tiboals.—Motions granted.

In the matter of Ibi.—Bond must conform to statute of 1864, cnpp. 417.

Lowden vs. Morgan.—Allowance of five per cent on amount of costs.

Harring vs. Bruns.—Motion granted on payment of costs.

of costs.

In the matter of Unstein.—Application granted.
Gallet vs. Nichols.—Case settled.
Hartman vs. The Mayor, &c.—Judgment for
plaintiff on demurrer, with leave to delendants to
serve amended answer on payment of costs.
Lewis vs. Squires.—Order granted.
Howell vs. The Mayor, &c.—Judgment on demurrer, with leave to answer on terms.
In the matter of the accounting of Edson.—Report coaffimed and decree ordered.
By Judge J. F. Daly.
Howens vs. Klein.—Motion denied. Opinion.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Sutherland.

A BATCH OF BURGLARS. in the Court of General Sessions vesterday morning, before Judge Sutherland, Thomas Smith, who, on the 4th of this month, entered the office of Messrs. Beakes & Ormsbee, No. 134 Pearl street. by breaking a large pane of glass, pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary in the third degree. The prisoner was fity-eight years old, and in consequence of his age the Judge deducted six months

sequence of his age the Judge deducted six months from the punishment by sending him to the State Prison for two years.

The same sentence was passed upon Gibo Brown, alias Guitean Paul, who pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. The indictment charged that on the 17th of February he stole wearing apparel valued at \$100, the property of Andrew Hentges.

William Keely alias William Keenen, who was indicted for breaking into the furnishing store of Julia Funck, on the 4th of February, and stealing \$50 worth of goods, pleaded guilty to an attempt at burgiary in the third degree.

A similar plea was taken from Charles Smith, who, on the 9th linst., broke into the wholesale iliquor store of Stephen Linington, 216 Front street. No property was taken.

Nicholas Furloug pleaded guilty to an attempt at burgiary in the third degree. On the night of the 9th list, he broke into the liquor store of Jonn Lysaght, 2,131 Third avenue, and stole \$39 worth of liquors.

Willim Wren also pleaded to the same grade of rine, the allegation being that on the 13th of February be burgiariously entered the tailoring establishment of James B. Demarest, No. 220 Minimavedue, and stole conting valued at \$200. These prisoners were each sent to the State Prison for two years and six months.

BOBBERY. Charles Martin pleaded guilty to an attempt at robbery in the first degree. The complaint set forth the fact that on the 9th of March the ac cused took from John Gibert a box containing \$362 in coin and bills, while he was passing through West street. Martin struck the compainant a violent blow, but as soon as he recovered from its effects he pursued and caught him with the box in his possession. His Honor sentenced the prissoner to the State Prison for seven years.

ALLEGED RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS. The trial of George Fenn, charged with larceny and receiving stolen goods, which was commenced on Tuesday, was continued yesterday. The accused is charged with instigating boys to steal a trunk room the Grand Central depot, belonging to Miss Carson, which contained wearing apparel valued at \$1.500. It was shown by the prosecution that a portion of the stoien property was pledged at a pawnshop in Eighth avenue by Fanny Aimes, who was in the employ of the prisoner. The case will be concluded to-day.

A JUVENILE THIEF. Andrew Owens, a little boy, pleaded guilty to petit larceny from the person, he having on the 2d of this month stolen thirty-five cents from John W. Crump. He was sent to the Catholic Protectory.

> TOMBS POLICE COURT. Before Judge Kiloreth.

BOBBERY IN A CONCERT SALOON. James Hennessy on Wednesday night induced Hattle Palmer to go into a concert saloon at No. 190 Chatham street with him, and while there, sne aileges, he robbed her of \$4.35. Hennessy was

FORGERY.

Edward G. Arthur, of the firm of George D. Arthur & Co., brokers, at No. 34 Wall street, charged John Edwards with having forged the firm name to a check drawn on the Union Kational Bank and made payable to Edwards or bearer. The check was for \$4,103, and was pre-sented to the paying teller of the bank by Ed-wards yesterday, when its character was discov-ered. Edwards was held for examination. PICKPOCKETS.

ing, on St. Patrick's Day, stolen a gold watch rained at \$100 from Peter Kanst.

John McCabe, Sarah Goekhel, James Samson,
Meoth Burns, Edith Lace, Jim Rooney, Tom
Catherly and "Blinks," otherwise Jerry Forcey,
were all held on charges of picking pockets.

JEFFERSON MARKET POLICE COURT. Before Judge Otterbourg. FOUR BURGLARS CAPTURED.

Patrick Kearney, James Maguire, John Malone and James Connors were yesterday held in default of \$1,500 each, charged with burgiary. They were arrested on Wednesday night in the hadway off the orgar store of William Roth, No. 408 Sixth avenue, with two sacks in their possession, by officers Duniop and Rogers, who were attracted to the place by the noise they made. They had broken open the rear door leading to the store.

A MOTREE AND HER CHILD.

About noon yesterday Mrs. Margaret Richellen and her little child were attempting to cross South Fifth avenue at Bleecker street; at the same moment Victor Spanoorne drove up the avehad at a rapid gate. The inter-come was anear of its mother and in danger of being run over. The mother attempted to rescue her child, but in the attempt got run over berseif, the wagon passing Spanborne was held in \$500 by Justice Otter-bourg to answer.

ESSEX MARKET POLICE COURT.

Before Judge Bixby. PROCESSION PICKPOCKETS. While the procession was passing the corner of

Bowery and Canal street on Wednesday Officer Woods caught Thomas Coleman and Eugens John-son attempting to pick the pockets of the spec-tators. They were held in \$500 ball by Judge

VIOLATION OF THE EXCISE LAW. John Heid, of No. 39 First avenue, and Patrick Launigan, of No. 287% Bowery, were held in \$100 ball yesterday for selling liquors without a license.

FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET COURT. Before Judge Flammer. A HARNESS THIEF.

Jobn Williams, a negro, from Poughkeepsie, was charged by officer Dolan with the largeny of a fur robe and livery clothing, valued in all at \$150, the property of Charles Lennier, of No. 161 East Thirtyproperty of Charles Lennier, of No. 161 East Thirty-first streef. The goods were found in his posses-sion when arrested, about a block from Mr. Len-mier's stable, the door of which had been burst open. He was committed for trial. Frank Homes, who is coach driver or a gentieman in East Unity-fifm street, was arrested on suspiction of being im-plicated in the roboery. The evidence did not sus-tain the charge, and he was held to appear as a witness against Williams. DISHONORING ST. PATRICK

Among those who turned out on St. Patrick's Day were William D. Hennessy and William Manning, two members of Company A, Irish Brigade. After the parade they went to Patrick McEnroy's cyster saloon. No. 260 First avenue, and comsumed over a mundred bivaives. On being asked for payment they rejused, and then added insult to injury by pushing and jostling McEnroy and his wife in a violent manner and threatening to stab the latter with a cayonet. Henness, being the one who did all the harm, was fined 10 and ju under \$500 ball to keep the peace, and Manning was discharged on paying for the cysters. After the parade they went to Patrick McEnroy's

ALLEGED BURGLARY OF A LIQUOR STORK. The liquor store of Stephen O'Connor, corner of Seventy-fith street and Third avenue, was broken into and robbed of property worth \$200 yesterday morning at three o'clock. Officers Gorman. Tooker and McManon, Nineteenth precinct, heard of the robbery and traced the thieves to No. 416 East Seventy-sixth street, where also was found the greater portion of the stolen goods. The following persons were found there and ar-

rested:—Thomas Burke, James Giancy, George Williams, John Quinn shas Kiely, Minnie Sheehan, Annie Higgins, Kittle Flood, Annie Higgerty and cella Logan. Kiely was arrested for participation in the Dorian murder, in 1873, at Jones' Wood. The prisoners were committed for examination.

COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY.

BE STILL THE STATE OF STREET PROPERTY AND

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Heid by Judge Donohue.—Nos. 65, 80, 124, 125, 129, 130, 131, 139, 141, 144, 159, 150, 227, 247, 248, 261.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—Held by Judges Davis, Brady and Danlels.—Nos. 10, 11, 15, 20, 23, 24, 28, 34, 35, 38, 43, 44, 46, 47, 60, 141½, 95, 141, 142, 143. 141, 142, 143.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Judge Van Brunt.—Issues of law and fact—Nos. 61, 156, 219, 242, 244, 245, 110, 54, 99, 330, 159, 173, 215, 147. 57, 208, 129, 21, 207, 231, 170, 102, 154, 205, 250. SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part 2—Held by Judge Van Vorst,—Snort causes—Nos. 1384, 1526, 2364, 1480, 2328, 1788, 1634, 1790, 2552, 2502, 1776, 2306, 2448, 2242, 1854, 2434, 2446, 2432. Part 3—Held by Judge Lawrence.—Snort causes—Nos. 1561, 1575, 2565, 2309, 1639, 1996, 2451, 2605, 2123, 2335, 2544, 1525, 2311, 2363, 2273, 2501, 2546, 2243, 1529, 1999, 1607, 2513, 2505, 2473, 2253, 1361½, 1365½, 1367½.

1307 4.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part 1—Held by Judge Monell.—Nos. 943, 1789, 821, 699 5, 1245, 739, 890, 581, 991, 933, 949, 1719, 1045, 871, 817. Part 2—Held by Judge Freedman.—Nos. 1046, 992, 754, 778, 1098, 1070, 1092, 808, 792, 1160, 1012, 1184, 1198, 1116, 1182. COMMON PLEAS-TRIAL TERM-Part 1-Held by

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part 1—Held by Judge Robinson.—One hour causes—Off term causes—February term—Nos. 2227, 1999, 2223, 2009, 1891, 2238, 2254, 2008, 2422, 2304, 2265. Marcin orders—Nos. 2372, 2467, 2450, 1995, 2440, 2419, 2469, 2279, 2472. Part 2—Adjourned for the term.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL, TERM—Part 1—Held by Judge Spandiding.—Nos. 1199, 1835, 2757, 1864, 1774, 1817, 1868, 1874, 1876, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1885, Part 2—Held by Judge Shea.—Nos. 1192, 2208, 1591, 637, 1596, 3272, 2720, 1640, 1182, 2283, 1610, 1592, 3002, 3015, 1265. Part 3—Held by Judge Joachimsen.—Nos. 57, 3114, 3116, 3117, 3103, 2916, 2017, 2311, 2997, 3175, 3286 1753, 3301, 3312, 3318.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Judge 2897, 3178, 3286 1753, 3301 3312, 3318.

COURT OF GENERAL ESSIONS-Heid by Judge Sutherland.—The Peopie vs. James Gilmattin, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. John Leonard et al., felonious assault and battery; Same vs. Lewis Nenendorf and Joseph Ripley, rape; Same vs. Charles Strausberg, rape; Same vs. Mary Henry, grand larceny; Same vs. Jacob Stone, grand larceny; Same vs. Jacob Stone, rand larceny; Same vs. Timothy Shine, grand larceny; Same vs. Louisa Gline, grand larceny; Same vs. Charles Northwick, grand larceny; Same vs. James Sullivan, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. Henry Reidmuller, petit larceny.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, BROOKLYN-SCHWEIDER THE BREWER'S BANKRUPTCY-IMPORTANT DECISION BY JUDGE BENEDICT YESTERDAY.

Judge Benedict, of the United States District Court, of the Eastern district of New York, gave his decision yesterday in the well known case of John Schneider's bankruptcy. Schneider was a large brewer at Williamsburg, and in 1872 failed for upwards of \$630,000, when he was adjudged United States Marshal to take possession of his property. He continued in business by compro mising with his creditors on a basis of sixty-five per cent and a payment of ten per cent in cash. A mortgage was secured on his and his wife's property in favor of James Hull and other trustees of the creditors. The following year he became of the creditors. The following year he became bankrupt again, a second petition was filed and a warrant was issued to take possession of his property, and assignees were appointed, which had not been done in the first bankruptey. The assignees brought this suit last month to claim the mortgaged property, claiming it as part of the estate. The trustees brought a cross-suit and the suits have been tried together, and the decision is that the trustees are sustained in the possession and validity of the trust mortgage. The following is the opinion:—

On the 13th day of February, 1572, John Schneider was adjudicated a bankrupt upon the petition of one Hiram

is the opinion:—

On the 18th day of February, 1872, John Schneider was adjudicated a bankrupt upon the petition of one Hiram Bechtel. No warrant was issued to the Marshal to take possession of the property of the bankrupt nor any other proceeding therestier had upon said petition. In May ioliowing, the creditors of Schneider agreed with him upon a compromise of his debts unon paying sixty-five per cant part cash and part secured notes, in pursuance of which on the 9th of May, 1872, certain notes were made, to secure the payment of which Schneider and his wife executed and delivered to James Hull and others, as trustees, a mortgage upon certain real esiste then owned by him. After the delivery of this mortgage, notwithstanding the adjudication before mentioned, schneider having remained in full possession of his property, continided his business and incurred other liabilities.

In November, 1873, he again became emograssed, whereupon some of his creditors whose debts had been contracted subsequent to the griding of the mortgage did a second petition in bankractery against him, under which he was adjudicated his was the reupon some of his creditors whose debts had been contracted subsequent to the griding of the mortgage did to the first many period of the second petition in bankractery against him, under which he was adjudicated his was the reupon some of his creditors whose debts had been contracted subsequent to the griding of the mortgage which had been made to Hull and other trustees in pursuance of the composition as above stated, filed their bill in this court to set aside the trust mortgage which had been made to Hull and other trustees in pursuance of the composition as above stated, filed their bill in this court to set aside the trust mortgage which had been made to the first adjudication of bankrupcy, Schneider was divested of all title to his property, and, therefore, unable to make a valid mortgage thereon. A cross bill was also filed in this court by James Hull and other trustees, under the said t necessary to say that it has been settled by the decision of the supreme Court in the case of Hampton vs. Rouse, October 1, the property of the case of Hampton vs. Rouse, October 1, the property of the property. Outremans in him diff the appointment of an assignee. In the present case no assignee was ever appointed in the first proceedings. There was an adjudication in bankrupter but nothing more. No attempt was made to interfere with the bankrupt's nossession of the property in question and when no steps had been taken to prevent a convey ance thereof, the bankrupt, not having been divested of his title. In good faith executed the mortgage now under consideration. Such a mortgage is valid as against the title of an assignee in bankrupter, appointed a year and a helf afterward, in proceedings then commenced. Upon this ground, therefore, the bill filled by the assignee in bankrupter is set aside, the mortgage must be dasmissed and the bill filed by the trustees to foreclose the mortgage in question be sustained.

## THE MALPRACTICE CASE.

FUNERAL OF MES. CURIIS, THE VICTIM-A RE-MARKABLE SCENE-DISPOSITION OF THE RE-WARNS THE INCHEST.

The funeral of Mrs. Curtis took place vesterday ternoon at one o'clock, from her late residence, No. 12 Union square. There was a large attendance, and among them many of the musical celebrities of the day, who crowded the rooms to excess. It was evident the dead lady had many friends. There were also several Californians present who had either known her or her family in San Francisco. Mr. Max Strakosch and Mr. Lalayette Harrison, among the managers, assisted at the ceremonies. These were very solemn and impressive, and the dreadfully tragic manner in which deceased had met ber death added to the which deceased had met her death added to the gloom of the occasion. The remains were enclosed in a handsome rosewood casket, lined with lead, for transportation to California. She was attired in the dress which had been made for her appearance in a concert at Irving Hall one month ago, and in death she wore it for the second time. It was a layender silk, trimmed with orange blossoms. On the plate was inscribed:—

ANNIE J. CURTIS. Aged 24 Years.

The face was beautiful even in death, though the

The face was beautiful even in death, though the lower portion of the chin bore marks of the progress of the destroyer. Some beautiful foral tributes lay on the coffia.

Dr. Tiffany, of the Church of the Atonement—where Mrs. Curtis had been for some time the soprano, and where she had met the man who accomplished her run, Gregory—conducted the ceremony and read the heautiful service of the Education and sung the "Rock of Ages." At this moment the effect was such that everybody in the room wept. The stepdaughters of the dead lady, to whom she had always been more than a kind mother, having worked and toiled for them in affliction, gave way to the intensity of their grief, and the singers themselvs, unable to withstand the influence of the scene, broke down and the lymn ended in a sobbing murmur. It was a remarkable display of grief and affection and showed how the deceased had been loved by those who know her.

The remains were then taken to the receiving valid at the March Cemeiery in Second street, to await the wisn of the relatives in California. This was the act of one who had been an ornament in her circle—a beautiful woman, a singer of the greatest promise, and a lady of true refinement, and who, for all that, fell, and died the most terrible of deaths.

The inquest into the cause of the death of Mrs.

big of deaths.

The inquest into the cause of the death of Mrs.
Curtis will be begun to-day at the Coroner's office

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

THE DEATH OF JOHN M'CULLOCH NOT A SCICIDE. Coroner Woltman held an inquest yesterday morning in the case of John McCulloch, who was killed by being crushed under the monster cogwheel at No. 159 Bank street last Saturday. From the evidence adduced it is clear that it was purely a case of accidental death, and not a suicide, as was all first believed.

The jury found as follows:—"That John McCul-

loch came to his death by injuries accidentally received by being a light in the machinery of the engine at No. 150 light street, on Saturday, March 13, 1875, and we recommend that in inture the coor leading to the machinery at said place be made more secure to prevent accidents."

NEW YORK CITY.

John Pox. of No. 105 Mott street, fell in front of his residence yesterday forenoon, breaking his right arm. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital. John Hannigan, who was injured by a derrick failing on him last Wednesday, died at Bellevue Hospital yesterday. Coroner Croker will hold an

The New York Woman Suffrage Society proposes to celebrate the centennial of the Battle of Lex-ington (April 19, 1775) by a public meeting at Union League Theatre.

Coroner Woltman was yesterday notified to hold an inquest in the case of John Cronin, who fell dead in the liquor store No. 112 Roosevelt street early yesterday morning.

Some thirty patrolmen were arraigned before Commissioner Disbecker, holding Court at Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon on various enarges, none, however, of a very serious nature. Edward Haggerty, of Hoboken, accidentally fel over a horse trough, at the corner of Washington and Spring streets, yesterday morning, sustaining severe injuries of the lace. Taken to Bellevue

The Association for the Relief of the Poor of the Tenth ward distributed rations to 275 families yesterday. Supplies came in more freely than the day before, and applicants could therefore be better supplied.

A free entertainment was given at the Howard Saily Basset's Singing Skewi" afforded rare enjoy-ment to a large company of the poor residents in the lower wards. Mission, New Bowery, last evening, at which "Aunt John Halloway, residing at No. 571 Washington

street, feil on the sidewalk, corner of Thirty second street and Fifth avenue, early yesterday morning, breaking his right leg. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital. The New York Board of Pire Underwriters held another meeting yesterday, but, contrary to ex-

pectation, the question of a reduction of rates was not mentioned. Routine business was the was not mentioned. Routine business was the feature of the meeting.

A sale of goods seized by the Custom House authorities was commenced yesterday at the

auction rooms of Burdett & Dennis, Burling slip, and was largely attended. Silks and suspenders were mainly sold at good prices. The Wesley Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Stanton and Cannon streets, will give a musical and literary entertainment this evening, when several popular artists, who have kindly volunteered their services in behalf of the church, will appear.

An unknown man, apparently about forty years of age, five feet nine inches tall, gray hair and chin whiskers, and wearing black cloth coat and pantalogus, was found in the Tenta presenct yes-terday alternoon insensible from intoxication. He was conveyed to Bellevue Hospital.

At a meeting of the Dock Commissioners yester day a resolution was referred to the Executive Committee directing that plans be prepared immediately for a system of wharf structures as are best adapted for the proper development of Har-lem river and Spuyten Duyvel Creek for commer-

Early yesterday morning an unknown man, about thirty-five years of age, five feet eleven inches tail, light complexion and chin whiskers, wearing a black coat and vest, iell overboard at the loot of East Twenty-first street. He was rescued in an insensible condition and removed to Bellevue Hospital.

Messian church, Thirty-fourth street and Fourth avenue, will celebrate its fitteth antiversary this evening. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. Drs. Chapin. Bellows, Dewey and Alger. A hymn nas been written for the occasion by the vener-able William Culien Bryant, who wrote the hymn used at the opening of the church fifty years ago. The East River ferryboats experienced much

difficulty yesterday in entering their slips, owing to the low water in the harbor. Passengers were sometimes obliged to bear patiently long delays as a consequence. The lerryboat Winona ran aground at an early hour in the morning when entering her slip on the Brooklyn side, and was detained nearly ap hour. The Mineola, siter a considerable wait, crossed over, but had to wait in the stream until after the Winona had been drawn off by a hawser. in the stream until aldrawn off by a hawser.

BROOKLYN.

Miss Minnie Gatge, who recovered a verdict of six cents damages in the City Court, in her suit for \$20,000 against Mrs. Charles C. Tonges for sian-der, has moved for a new trial.

Mauly A. Rouland brought suit in the Bankruptcy Court yesterday to recover \$2,500 from George B. Field, as commission for the sale of James Island, in the James River, Virgiula. The jury rendered a verdict for \$60 for the piaintiff.

About lour o'clock yesterday afternoon the

twenty-five loot sign of Loeser & Co.'s store, No. 289 Fulton street, was blown from its fastening on the third story of the building and leil to the sidewalk. Several pedestrians narrowly escaped

James Riely, who shot his brother-in-law John Monaghan, during a fight on Wednesday evening in one of the shantles in Darby's patch, on Fourth avenue, was taken before Acting Superintendent of Police George Waddy resterday. He had his picture taken and was questioned as to the oc-currence. Coroner Simms empanelled a jury in the case and will hold the inquest to-morrow.

LONG ISLAND.

Two revolutionary pensioners, residing in Planders, visited Riverhead last week to draw their pensions—Major Brown, ninety-three years old, and Captain Joseph Goodale, ninety-two years old. A bill has been introduced in the Assembly to extend the time of Commissioners of Streets, Roads, &c., of Long Island City for six months from the time now limited by law, but their sala-ries to cease on July 1, 1875.

The break on the Southern Railroad, near Valtey Stream, is now securely bridged over, and trains are running as usual, without the transfer of passengers. The breaks caused by washing on the Long Island Railroad are also repaired.

It is understood that there is a movement in Long Island City for the passage of an act through the Legislature giving to each ward of that city a supervisor, so that the city would have five mem-bers of the eleven that would then constitute the Queens county Board.

An unknown man, while walking upon the

track of the Central Railroad at Isle of Trees, Wednesday, was struck by the Patchogue train due at Hunter's Point a half-past three o'clock and instantly killed. When picked up he pre and instantly killen. When picked up he pre-sented a horrible spectacle.

Assemblyman L. Bradford Prince has addressed

a letter to several leading men engaged in the oyster business in Queens county, suggesting a meeting of representatives from the various com-mittees in the county specially interested in the business, for the purpose of framing a law which shall mer clearly define and effectually secure the right to land under water.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction's apportionment of the State school funds to Queens county is as follows:-The population of the several towns, 73,803; number of school districts, 206; amount of money apportioned according to districts, \$10,003.36; amount according to population, \$30,465.02; library apportionment, \$936.14. Total for school purposes, \$41,394.52.

STATEN ISLAND.

The mercury at Staten Island yesterday morning stood at ten degrees above zero, and the boys enjoyed good skating during the most of the day on new-made ice.

In view of the difficulties and abuses of the

present system of tax collections in Richmond county it is suggested that it would be better to aboush the offices of treasurers and tax collectors, and have the fluances managed by the Village, Town and County cierks respectively.

Work upon the new Sunday school chapel of

the Presbyterian church of Stapleton will be commenced as soon as the weather will permit. The menced as soon as the weather will permit. The Rev. Dr. Rockwell, pastor of the church, says that they have already fands on hand to the amount or nearly \$2,000. It is not as yet decided whether the building will be erected near the church, on the site of the one which was destroyed by an incepdiary fire, or in some other location.

The spiles for the new yacht dock at Stapleton

have been received and the work of placing them in position was commenced vesterday. The extension out from the new ferry dock will be about tension out from the new ferry dock will be about 150 teet, and a large stone will be sunk at the outer end, where a large building will be erected, sixty by thirty feet, with an extensive plazza around it, enclosed with glass, and a cupola, where a light will be displayed. There will be a walk from the lerry dock to the building from eight to twelve jeet wide, with hand-rails at the sides. It is understood that Mr. Whilmm Harlow, of Poughkeepste, has received the contract for the erection of the building. The whole extension of both docks from the building will be about 400 feet.

Damaging Testimony of Inspector Mc-Dermott, of the Police.

STOCKVIS NOT DRUNK

All His Neighbors Testify that He was a Sober, Industrious, Honorable Man.

Coroner Kessler and 'twelve good men and true" are still actively inquiring whether Jacob B. Stockvis' death was hasrened by neglect or maitreatment. The inquest was resumed yesterday at one o'clock, when a large number of friends of the deceased gentieman were present as spec-tators. As the lather of Mr. Kuttina, one of the jurors, died a lew days ago and will be buried to-day, the inquest has been adjourned until Tuesday, at ten o'clock, when it will likely be closed and verdict rendered. The first witness called was JAMES LUCAS, OPERATOR

at the Central Office, who sent out the general alarm relative to the disappearance of the man, and which was not given in full as sent him by Inspector Speight. He stated that the copy produced was the one received, and the briefer one (produced) was sent out. The following are the

Mr. Jacob Stockvis, about forty years old; small stature, gray hair, hardly any teeth, light complexion; went away from home (Third avenue, between 108th and 109th streets), somewhat deranged, this morning, about eight o'clock. He is a Hollander and speaks English somewhat.

SPEIGHT.

The condensed one reads:-To ALL-Look for Jacob Stockvis, forty; light complexion, gray bair, deranged.
SPEIGHT, J. A. L.

Witness stated that the habit is for the operators to condense despatches by leaving out all un-important matter, and he had done so; I did not think that the words "hardly any teeth" were important, but the fact that he was deranged I did consider so.

think that the words "hardly any teeth" were important, but the fact that he was deranged I did consider so.

INSPECTOR JOHN M'DERMOIT testified that on Sunday, February 21, in the foremon, a lady came in and saked if had heard anything about her husband; he said, in answer to questions, that the lady said ner husband had let the day before sick from delirium tremets; she said he had been drinking to excess; she said she endeavored to keep him in the house, but he would go out; she got nim off one car, but he broke away and got on another, but she could not follow nim; she said as relative—and from that time to the time when she saw me sahe had not heard from mer husband; she said she wanted the address of George A. Moss, a manufacturer of blacking; I found it in the directory, wrote it down, and she left; in the atternoon she made in their inquiry; in the morning I looked over returns and books of arrests; lailed to find his name; took her address; I feel morally satisfied she said he was sick and suffering from delirium tremens from excessive drink; I recognize Mrs. Stockvis here present as the lady.

ROUNDSMAN M'GEE.

of the Nineteenth precinct, testified that on the night in question, by Stiner's tea store, Fifty-third street and Third avenue, he arrested an old man who was sitting down; I looked him up; his name was John O'Connor; he was drunk; I saw John Doe in the court the next morning; Mr. Neabitt wrote on a card, but got ho answer from him; did not see him the night before.

Lawrence Keie, No. 418 East Forty-seventh street, a quarryman, testified that he saw a man in the station house on Saturday evening with blood on his nose; he \*as in the corridor opposite my cell; the Sergeant brought a German man to speak to him, but he did not answer; he

MONNED AND CRIED ALL NIGHT; can't say whether he was drunk or not; he stood by the stove, but did not atagger; did not hear him speak during the night; I was not taken to count at all; was let out on bail; was arrested for ouving some wood.

James H. Kane, of N

by the stove, but did not stagger; did not hear him speak during the night; I was not taken to cont at all; was let out on bail; was arrested for ouving some wood.

James H. Kane, of No. 157 East Fifty-seventh street, testified that he had a friend in the Fifty-seventh street prison; was there Tuesday morning; the old man looked wild and careworn; the officer said, "We can't get anything out of him; he acted to me like a man who was out of him mind; he did not look like a man who had been drinking; I was near him by the stove all the time; he was nervous and irritable, like a drunken man; lee looked wild; had an unnatural look m his eye wild and bright; he sat down on bare stones; I called Keeper Cunningham's attention to him; we put him on a box by the stove; he didn't seem to know the use of it; he could next morning walk pretry well; there is not the slightest doubt in the world that he was insane; it is, in a case of this kind, the duty of

THE KEEFEE TO CALL IN A DOCTOR; it was not a fit place for him; his clothes looked a little seedy, but not like those of a vagrant; I never saw him eat; the victuals were all untouched; he was not disorderly, hut he could be led around like a intle child.

Mr. Molce, a larger beer saloon keeper, testified that the children of deceased were in the habit of calling occasionally for five cents or ten cepts worth of beer; Mrs. Stockwis told me never to give beer to the children without money; deceased lived one block from my store and he never came into it in person; I have a bill for beer against him and it was given to the children; the bill is, from the 3d of August to the 4th of September, ninety cents for beer; the general habit in that neighborhood is to send for beer at mealtimes—a pint, a quart, or more.

Mary Welsch, living on Fourth avenue, near 103d street, testified she had known him eight years and two years had lived in the same honse; never knew him to be disorderly, come home late or drink flow.

or drink liquor. Harriet D. Campbeil, of No. 203 East 118th street, Grink liquor.

Harriet D. Campbeil, of No. 203 East 118th street, had known deceased nine years; never saw him under the influence of liquor or disorderly; he appeared to be a perfect gentieman every way.

Jeremian Higgins, of No. 224 East 1224 street, testified that deceased was a tenant of his for five years; ne was the most upright man that ever lived; never saw him under the influence of liquoi nor heard of it; it was five years and he left my house, but saw him four months ago.

George W. M. Briggs, of No. 1968 Third avenue, real estate dealer, had known him two years as a tenant and neignoor; never saw bim other than sober; he was honorable in his dealings; saw him two days before he disappeared; he seemed a little weak minded, although he transacted his business in a periectly natural way.

John Scott, of No. 227 Second avenue, store keeper, had known him nearly twelve years; never saw him in the slightest form under the influence of liquor; haven't seen him for six months; always saw him

As Sober As A DEACON;
that is the way ne always appeared in my presence.

George W. Thompson, of No. 218 East 122d street,

ence.
George W. Thompson, of No. 218 East 122d street, cigar desier, and known deceased fifteen years ago; saw him recently; never knew him to be under the influence of liquor; have dealt with him for about nitteen years; he lived near me; his reputation is that he was sober, industrious and attending to his business.

reputation is that he was sober, industrious and attending to his business.

D. F. Porter, No. 67 East 124th street, real estate and insurance dealer, testified he had known him since 1865; could always depend upon him as a tenant; his reputation was that of a Sober And Honorable MAN; if he was a man who grank I think I would have heard of it; I have not seen him to converse within two or three years.

Thomas J. Jackson, who lived two years on the same door had never seen him upper the industrials.

same foor, had never seen him under the influence of liquor; haven't spoken to him within two years, but have met him.

Mrs. H. M. Logan, of 2,255 Second avenue, lived

Mrs. H. M. Logan, of 2,255 second avenue, lived in the same house about five years ago; be was a sober, industrious man, always coming home before dark; never saw any appearance of liquor about him; I was shocked when I read that me had been arrested for intoxication.

Louis Simmers, of No. 201 Eighth avenue—The morning he was brought into court I called upon Judge Flammer; witness swore that the sergeant stepped up and said, "This men has been are before;" the Judge then put him under \$500 bail; I am a brother-in-law of Judge Flammer; supposed he had been a drunken man; didge than he had a collar on; dirty looking, as If he had been lying in a cell.

Albert Hartman, interpreter for Judge Flammer, was recalled and swore that Sergeant Philaps said to lith as the man was brought up.

"His is an OLD BUMMER;"
he did not, however, tell me that he had seen

said to him as the men was brought up,
'THIS IS AN OLD BUMMER;'
he did not, however, tell me that he had seen
him there before.

Mrs. Stockvis (recalled) stated, in regard to her
conversation with inspector McDermott, when
sie went there between nine and ten o'clock:—I
never, is swear, said my ausband went away with
dehrium tremens, because I never saw a case of
dehrium tremens; I don't recollect of telling him
I tried to get my husband off the cars; never said
to McDermott that he was suffering from excesave drinking.

delirium tremens; I don't recollect of telling him tried to get my busband off the cars; never said to McDermott that he was suffering from excessive drinking.

Dr. Hirsch (recalled) testified as to the condition of the deceased when attended by him, the substance of which has already been stated in the Herald. Witness declared most emphatically that he did not tell Captain Mount that they could keep him at the station house if he was arrested; in my opinion general debuity, produced by lack of food, nervous excitement and paralysis, and the condition of the arm cau es the man's death; the linjuries he received were not necessarily dangerous, but they were rendered so from lack of attention; had he had proper care I tuink he would have fived longer; by this I mean proper care, attention and medical attendance.

One of the consulting physicians, testified as te the condition of deceased when he was called in; has testimony snowed that he was paralyzed; that he had the power of prehension and also locomotion; the diameter of his eye was contracted, and concluded he had some chacure brain disease—softening of the orain.